

## Indian Inventions

# ADITYA-L1

## The First Indian Solar Mission



### Introduction

Have you ever looked at the Sun and wondered what secrets it holds? The Sun is not just a bright ball in the sky, it is a powerful star that controls life on Earth. From providing light and heat to influencing weather and communication systems, the Sun plays a crucial role in our daily lives.

To understand it better, India launched its first solar mission, **Aditya - L1**, marking a major step in space science and innovation.

This mission is not just about space exploration, it is about **understanding science, solving real - world problems, and inspiring students like you to innovate.**

### What is Aditya - L1?

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It observes the Sun's outer layers such as:

- Photosphere (surface)
- Chromosphere
- Corona (outer atmosphere)

### Why study the Sun?

The Sun affects:

- Satellite communication
- GPS systems
- Power grids
- Climate patterns

Solar storms can disrupt mobile networks and electricity, something very important for a digital country like India.

## Where is it located?

Aditya - L1 is placed at the **L1 (Lagrange Point 1)**, a special position between the Earth and the Sun where gravitational forces balance. This allows continuous observation of the Sun without interruption.

## When was it launched?

Aditya - L1 was launched on **September 2, 2023**, using the PSLV rocket.

## Who developed it?

The mission was developed by the **Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO)**, with contributions from Indian scientists and research institutes.



## The Problem

Solar activities like:

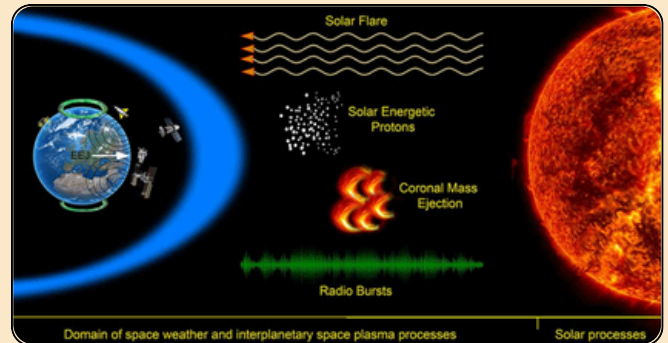
- Solar flares
- Coronal Mass Ejections (CMEs) can cause
- Communication failures
- Satellite damage
- Power outages

## Why is this important for India?

India depends heavily on:

- Mobile networks
- Digital payments
- Satellite - based services

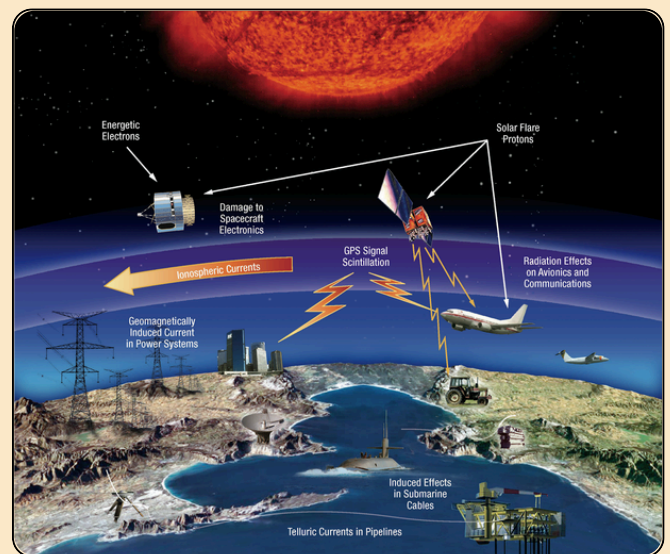
Understanding solar behaviour helps protect these systems.



## Opportunity

- Develop early warning systems
- Improve satellite safety
- Boost space research in India

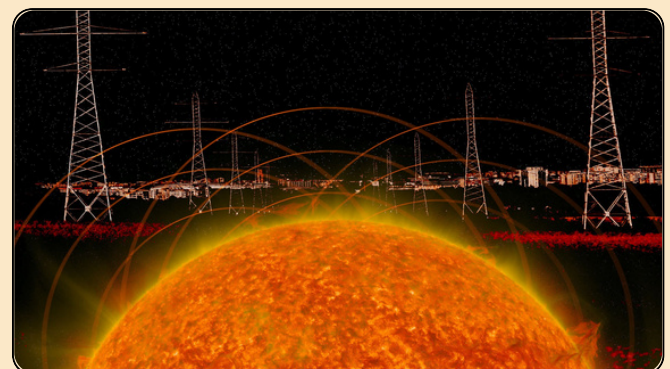
This creates opportunities for **young scientists and innovators.**



## Definitions & Concepts

### 1. Solar Flare

A sudden burst of energy from the Sun.

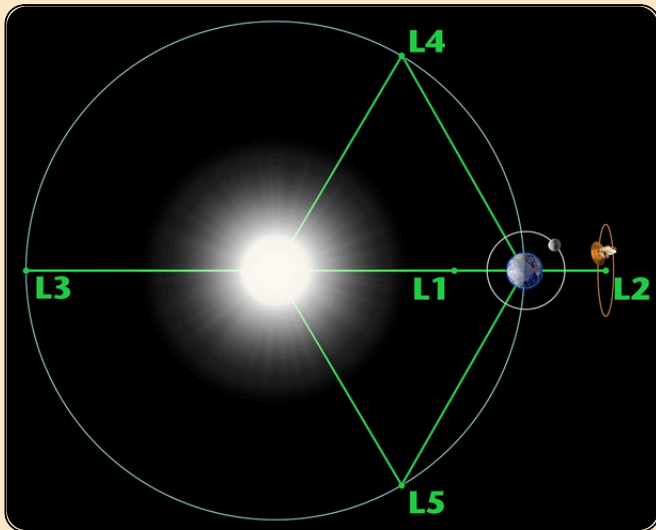


### 3. Space Weather

Conditions in space affected by the Sun.

### 4. Lagrange Point (L1)

A point where gravitational forces balance, allowing a satellite to stay in position.

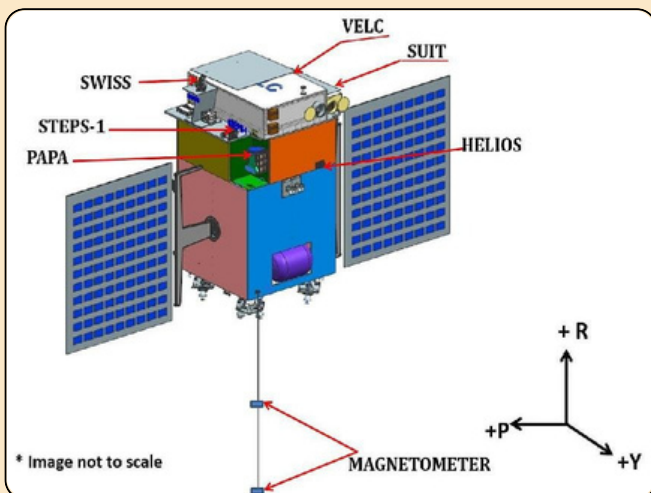


### The Model & Instruments

Aditya-L1 carries **7 scientific instruments**, including:

- VELC (Visible Emission Line Coronagraph)
- SUIT (Solar Ultraviolet Imaging Telescope)
- SoLEXS (Solar Low Energy X-ray Spectrometer)

Each instrument studies different aspects of the Sun.



### How It Works

Launch using PSLV rocket

1. Travel towards L1 point
2. Enter halo orbit around L1
3. Start observing the Sun
4. Send data back to Earth

### How Data is Used

- Scientists analyze solar activity
- Predict solar storms
- Improve satellite design

**Think of it like this:**

*Imagine placing a camera at a perfect spot where it can always see the Sun without interruption, that's what Aditya - L1 does!*

### Examples to understand daily life connection

- GPS in your phone depends on satellites
- Online classes depend on internet connectivity
- Digital payments rely on stable networks

All these can be affected by solar activity.

Aditya - L1 helps protect these systems.

### Classroom Activity for Teachers

The teacher can engage students by asking them to imagine they are scientists planning the Aditya - L1 mission. Begin by asking: Why do we need to study the Sun? And what problems on Earth are caused by solar activity? Then guide them with questions like: Where should we place a satellite to observe the Sun continuously? and what might happen if solar storms are not predicted? Encourage students to think, respond, and discuss their ideas.

## Success Stories

- India successfully reached Mars with **Mars Orbiter Mission**
- Chandrayaan missions explored the Moon

Aditya - L1 continues this success journey.

**Future careers:** Space scientist, Aerospace engineer & Data analyst

## Student Innovation Ideas

- Build a solar observation model
- Create a space weather app
- Design satellite protection systems

## Conclusion

Aditya - L1 is not just a mission, it is a symbol of India's scientific growth and curiosity.

It teaches us that:

- Science helps solve real problems
- Innovation begins with curiosity
- Even students can dream big

As young learners, you are the future of India's scientific journey.

One day, you might design the next space mission.

## Word Search 2605 - Human Bones



- |           |            |
|-----------|------------|
| Humerus   | Femur      |
| Patella   | Mandible   |
| Malleus   | Scaphoid   |
| Scapula   | Radius     |
| Hamate    | Ulna       |
| Trapezium | Temporal   |
| Stapes    | Metatarsal |
| Fibula    | Coccyx     |
| Sternum   | Tibia      |
| Talus     | Clavicle   |

*(Answers on Back Cover Inside)*